Robert Michie was born in Rubslaw near Aberdeen, Scotland 29 Feb. 1820. His father was a farm laborer and his mother a farm house servant so he was raised in humble circumstances. At the age of four he was sent to school and learned to read and spell. At the age of 8, for two years, he started being hired out summers to herd cows and school in the winter. It was here he first became acquainted with the milling business and liked it. He started hiring out at different farms staying several years at the same farm. He did this until he was 21. At this time he tried to get an apprenticeship as a millwright but could not find a master so found a miller who wanted an aprentice. He bound himself for 4 years for board and room and no wages. After 3 years he got an abatement and received \$150.00 a year. He did this for three years.

Robert then had a chance to emigrate to Africa or Australia. He chose Africa: and wailed from London in June 1848 and landed in Cape Town. He worked as a miller but found the employer would not bide by his agreement so left. He tried tanning leather but did not like it. He then worked 3 years at a wool washing and packing shed. When the owner died, he went to farming. Robert and a partner bought and ran a farm.

About this time, he read books from Mormon Elders. He prayed and received dassurance of the divinity of Joseph Smith and his work. He was baptized Dec. 1854. His partner and his wofe also joined the Mormons. The neighbors began to insult them so Robert determined to come to Utah.

He first sailed to England and enroute met a fellow traveler. Through him he met his wife to be Frances Potts. Robert and Frances married March 16, 1957 and in less than two weeks sailed from Liverpool, England. It took all their money to get to Boston. They stayed in Boston 4 years where Robert worked mainly as a foreman in a salt mill. At this time they had enough money to buy supplies and equipment to cross the plains.

The men all walked, also, the woman who could. Robert told his grand-daughter he walked every step of the way from the Missouri River. When his shoes wore out, he had no more so walked 500 miles barefoot.

They lived in Malad Idaho, Nephi, Sugarhouse, Mountain Dell, Bench Creek (Woodland) and Heber City. Robert was a miller by trade so moved where he could find work. He helped build the grist mill in Kamas and Heber City. He ran the grist mill in Heber for about 8 years around to 1888. Robert and Francis had bought a farm in Bench Creek in 1876 which they returned to when new rollers were bought for the mill. Robert served as Senior President of the 20th Quorum of Seventies when in Heber. From 1893 to 1901 he was Postmaster in Woodland. He was loved and respected by all who knew him. They had ten children, six of whom grew to adulthood. In his later years Robert had a few colonies of bees, and had the bobby of making grindstones and willow baskets.



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A few weeks after arriving in Salt Lake City their third child and first son, Robert Moroni, my father, was born. Soon after they lived in Malad, Idaho for a time and then moved to Nephi, Utah where two more children, Harriet Frances and Alice Matilda, were born. After living a few years in Nephi grandfather returned to Sugar House to run a flour mill and salt refinery. Here three more children were born, John Thomas, Mary Ellen and Della. They lived for a time at Mountain Dell, a place near Parley's Canyon, and there their son William George was born. Their last child, Christina, was born at Woodland, Utah, where they later moved.

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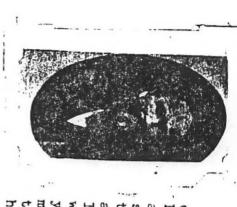
Grandpa returned to Woodland and took up a homestead there and farmed the latter part of his life. He built a nice home and when too old to farm he still raised a nice garden with currants, gooseberries, strawberries and raspberries. He also kept several colonies of bees and supplied all his married children and their families with honey. As a hobby grandpa made grindstones and willow baskets. I remember my mother had a nice clothes basket and an egg basket that he had made. Grandpa also had a blacksmith shop and did his own blacksmithing, also did it for others too.

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While in Africa or on board ship, he met a young man by the name of Thomas White. This young man had a sweetheart in England. It happened they were traveling on the same ship back to England and Mr. White invited Robert to go with him when he went to call on his sweetheart, Alice Potts, whose family lived in Canterbury. He did so and there met Alice's sister, Frances Potts, who became his wife March 16, 1857, and on March 28, 1857, they sailed from Liverpool, England for America on the ship George Washington.

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I wish to add a few things which I know about my grandfather, some were told to me by his daughter, Alice, others I heard from my father, and I heard grandfather tell some of the things himself.

When Grandfather Michie was a boy, probably in his teens, he worked on a farm near his home in Scotland evidently with another boy. They got their board, lodging and a very meager wage. They seldom got an egg to eat as they were a luxury kept for the boss and his family. Grandpa's fertile imagination figured out a solutionn to this problem. With a fine needle he pierced a tiny hole in the end of an egg or two and inserted a hair from a horse's mane. When the lady who cooked for the family broke an egg and discovered the hair she was thoroughly amazed. Not being able to figure out a solution as to where it came from, she removed the hair and decided such eggs would do for the hired help. Thus Grandpa and his partner in the trick had eggs to eat.

My mother said that Grandfather pulled this trick again when living in Heber and had a lot of fun watching peoples astonishment when they found a hair in an egg, and their efforts trying to solve the mystery. One of Grandpa's neighbors made this remark, "It's beyond the comprehension of man".

While in Africa or on board ship, he met a young man by the name of Thomas White. This young man had a sweetheart in England. It happened they were traveling on the same ship back to England and Mr. White invited Robert to go with him when he went to call on his sweetheart, Alice Potts, whose family lived in Canterbury. He did so and there met Alice's sister, Frances Potts, who became his wife March 16, 1857, and on March 28, 1857, they sailed from Liverpool, England for America on the ship George Washington.

charge held a meeting on board ship and promised them that if they would do right and be prayerful they would have a safe and quick journey over the ocean. They made the trip in 21 days and the captain said it was the quickest trip the old ship had ever made and he had traveled the ocean for years. The usual time required for those old sailing yessels was six weeks, some required eight weeks. This was a testimony to all the saints. Grandmother also said she was sick the whole of the way. How thankful they were to get to land. They arrived in Boston April 20, 1857, where all were required to pay a certain sum which left grandfather practically pendiless. However, he was able to get employment, the most important was as a foreman in a salt mill which hired quite a group of girls.

In the fall of 1858 their first baby was born, a girl whom they named Agnes Catherine Harriett. Another little girl was born two years later whom they named Eliza Ann. Helena. They stayed in Foston about four years and by that time had saved enough so they could buy supplies and equipment to make the trip across the plains and come to Utah.

the men all walked and drove the oxen and the women who were able walked too. Because of improper food little Eliza Ann Helena recame ill and died, 26 August 1861, and was buried somewhere on the Sweetwater. Grandpa made a little casket for her out of part of his wagon box. Short grave-side services were held as the caravan had to go on. Grandpa stazed behind to carry rocks and pile them on the grave to keep the wolves from digging up the body. He didn't set into camp until one o'clock in the morning. They arrived in Salt Lake City in the fall of 1861, sometime in September or (ctober.

I heard Grandpa say he walked every step of the way from the Missouri river to Salt Lake City, 500 miles barefooted. When his shoes wore out there were no more to be had. This little poem fits his trip very well.

My boy, I walked across the plains Where now the cars rush by; I walked across the barren plains, Where now the airplains fly.

You cannot know how far it is, With hills and deserts whirling past, My sters have measured every rod, My body bedded on the sod.

You cannot know how far it is,
You hear the throbbing motor's sound,
I've listened to the throbbing cart wheel's creak
The tramp and tramp of bandaged feet;

I know how far it is!

A few weeks after arriving in Salt Lake City their third child and first son, Robert Moroni, my father, was born. Soon after they lived in Malad, Idaho for a time and then moved to Nephi, Utah where two more children, Harriet Frances and Alice Matilda, were born. After living a few years in Nephi grand-father returned to Sugar House to run a flour mill and salt refinery. Here three more children were born, John Thomas, Mary Ellen and Della. They lived for a time at Mountain Dell, a place near Parley's Canyon, and there their son William George was born. Their last child, Christina, was born at Woodland, Utah, where they later moved.

Grandfather was a miller by trade and moved to all these different places in order to find work. He lived in Heber, Wasatch County for several years and run a flour mill there. For a time he farmed on Bench Creek and this story was told while he was living there.

and cows out to graze on the nearby hills and mountains. One

was following a sort of trail up over a ridge. When he reached the top he stopped dead still. Only a short distance ahead of him there stood a large black bear staring him in the face. The bear was just as surprised and shocked as he was. For a few seconds neither made a move. Finally grandpa said, "Hello, Mr. Bear, what are you doing there? If you'll let me alone I'll let you alone". At this the bear whirled and bounded off into the near by timber.

Grandpa returned to Woodland and took up a homestead there and farmed the latter part of his life. He built a nice home and when too old to farm he still raised a nice garden with currents, gooseberries, strawberries and raspberries. He also kept several colonies of bees and supplied all his married children and their families with honey. As a hobby grandpa made grindstones and willow baskets. I remember my mother had a nice clothes basket and an egg basket that he had made. Grandpa also had a blacksmith shop and did his own blacksmithing, also did it for others too.

Robert Michie had a good education for his time. He wrote a good hand and served as ward clerk on several occasions. In Woodland he had charge of the tithing barn when people used to pay their tithing with farm products instead of money. He was a faithful Latter-day Saint, always kept the word of wisdom and always had family prayer in his home. He never swore as many others sometimes did. One thing he used to say while praying was this, "Help us always to remain steadfast to the truth"

Grandpa was ordained a Seventy the 19 February 1886 by B. Riches and while in Heber was Senior President of the 20th Quorum of Seventies. He was a High Priest when he died. He was postmaster in Woodland, Utah from 1893 to 1901. He was loved and respected by all who knew him.

Robert Michie died April 20, 1909 at Woodland, Utah and was buried in the Heber City cemetery beside his wife who preceded him in death several years.

(Part of this history was written by Hilda Michie)